ANOTHER BLOW-UP IN PARIS.

EXPLOSION OF A BOMB IN A RESTAU-

ALMOST EVERYTHING IN THE PLACE SMASHED, AND THREE PERSONS, INCLUDING A

SOCIALIST POET, INJURED-EFFORTS OF THE POLICE TO FIND

THE OFFENDER. Paris, April 4.-A bomb was exploded at 9:15 o'clock this evening on the windowsill of the Restaurant Foyot, in the Rue de Condé, near the Luxembourg. The estaurant was two-thirds full of late diners. Pieces of the bomb flew through the room, smashing glass and crockery.

Everybody started for the doors, but the panic abated as soon as it became evident that only one bomb had been placed. When the police arrived they found only three persons injured, one of them the Socialist poet Taillade, who was vounded severely in the head.

The end of the restaurant facing the Rue de condé was partly wrecked. The windowsill and two or three feet of the wall were blown out, the plaster was cleaned from the ceiling as if tables was in fragments. Not a window in the

tables was in fragments. Not a window in the Rue de Condé front of the building was left whole. The windows of houses for 200 feet up and down the street were smashed into small bits, and the pavement was strewn with glass.

The whole neighborhood was shaken, and the audience at the Odéon Theatre, about 150 yards distant, was badly frightened by the report and shock. At first many rose to leave, but the manager quieted their fears and the performance proceeded to the end.

Many Senators hurried to the café immediately after the explosion, and the military guard of the Senate was called to arms. Ten minutes after the explosion the Prefect of Police was at hand, and the whole force of the district was focussed speedily at the Foyot, so as to prevent the escape of the man who placed the bomb. Immediately after the explosion there was one arrest. The policeman who arrived at the restaurant first was informed by a bystander that a man then walking hurriedly down the street had just run out from the building next door. The policeman overtook the man and arrested him.

At 10:30 o'clock it was not known that the

arrested him.

At 19:30 o'clock it was not known that the police had any proof of the prisoner's guilt.

Another arrest was made by the police before midnight. Besides M. Taillade, a woman named Vignia, who accompanied him, and a waiter were injured severely. Many others were scratched by flying glass or were bruised by

is. The bomb was a preserved meat can filled with The bomb was a preserved meat can filled with fynamite and old nails. A waiter who was near the window at the time of the explosion says that he saw a workingman about thirty years old place the bomb in a flower box on the windowsill and then run down the street. His description of the man tailles with the appearance the prigoner taken immediately after the exof the prisoner taken immediately after the ex-

The wounding of M. Taillade is regarded as a The wounding of a same is the Socialist who bit of classic justice, as he is the Socialist who wrote concerning Auguste Vaillant's bomb outrage in the Chamber:
"The victims are of little consequence, provided only that the Anarchic idea prevails."

MEUNIER CAUGHT AT LAST. RAVACHOL'S AVENGER ARRESTED IN LONDON AS

HE WAS STARTING FOR ANTWERP, London, April 4.—The notorious French Anar chist Meunier, the accomplice of François and the avenger of Ravachol, was arrested this even-

ing by Inspector Melville at the Liverpool Street The police of three countries have been trac-

ing his movements ever since the explosion at the Café Véry in Paris, almost two years ago. The charge on which he was arrested this evening was that in causing this explosion he became guilty of murdering the proprietor, who died of his injuries a few days after the cafe was blown up. The motive of Meunier and his accomplices in exploding the bomb was to punish the men who had betrayed Ravachol to the police and

who had betrayed havachor to the ponce and secured his arrest in the cafe.

Meunier evidently had learned that the police were searching for him in London, for he and a friend were conveyed in a carriage with drawn curtains to the station. Inspector Melville was informed of their movements, and knew that they intended to go to Antwerp. He was waiting for them on the platform.

for them on the platform.

Meunier, who is a hunchback, was easily identified. When he felt the Inspector's hand on his aboulder he shook it off. Then he started away, but after a few steps was grasped firmly by the

but after a few steps was grace.

Inspector's hand on his collar.

Both he and his comrade fought desperately, but the porters and several persons from the crowd helped the Inspector until he had Meunier secured and handcuffed. The other Anarchist made a dash down the platform, but was tripped made at the could leave the station. The

and seized before he could leave the station. The
whole station was in an uproar until the Inspect
or drove off with his prisoners.
A revolver with six loaded chambers was found
in Meunier's pocket. He will be brought up in
the Bow Street Court in extradition proceedings
based on the charge of murder. His companion
will be tried for aiding him in his attempt to
escape.

ANTI-ANARCHIST BILL IN SPAIN. SEVERE FUNISHMENT PROPOSED FOR BOMB-

HROWERS AND THEIR SYMPATHIZERS. Madrid, April 4.—The Cortes was opened to-day and Senor Capdepon, the new Minister of Justice, ced at once a bill for the severer punishment of Anarchist criminals. The bill provides that any of Anarchist criminals. The bill provides that any man responsible for explosions which are likely to cause death or serious bodily injury shall be punished with death or penal servitude for life. One paragraph proposes exceptionally severe sentences for all persons, most notably newspaper editors, who commend bomb-throwers and bomb-throwing. The bill declares all Anarchist associations illegal and provides for their dissolution.

THE PASSENGERS OF THE EMS. Horta, Fayal, April 4.-The passengers and mails steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II, which is expected to arrive here about April 10. It has not yet been decided whether the transfer will be made here or at Ponta Deigada. of the disabled steamer Ems will be put aboard the

CLOSE OF THE MEDICAL CONGRESS.

Rome, April 4.-The closing sessions of the International Medical Congress to-day were presided over by Doctor Bacelli, Minister of Public Instruction. A brilliant reception was given in honor of the delegates this afternoon, and the various sections of delegates were entertained at a banquet this

Thomas H. Manley, of New-York, read a Dr. Thomas H. Manley, of New-York, read a paper this morning on concussion and fracture of the spine. The so-called concussion of the spine, he said, was merely imaginary. Many eminent physicians took part in the animated discussion of Dr. Manley's views.

Dr. Douglas Stewart, of New-York, explained at length a valuable diagnostic test for cases of puerperal septicaemis. He held that many suses of fever after childbirth did not originate in the uterus.

THE RUSSIAN COMMERCIAL TREATIES. St. Petersburg, April 4.-The Government has ansounced that, pending the conclusion of the commercial treaty between Russia and Austria, the benefits of the Russian-German treaty will be granted to Austria and Hungary.

The Czar has conferred upon Chancellor von Caprivi of Germany the decoration of the Order of Andrew, the oldest and the highest order in the gift of the Russian Emperor, in recognition of his services in securing the adoption of the treaty between Russia and Germany.

The "Messager d'Europe" (official) publishes an inspired article secting forth that the conclusion of the commercial treaty with Germany is regarded by the Imperial Council as a guarantee of the peace of Europe.

FOR COMPLETING THE PANAMA CANAL. Paris, April 4.—Persons representing 722,000 shares Panama Canal enterprise met here to-day and resolved to intrust a syndicate of five with the founding of a new company to complete the canal. They agreed to provide a first subscription of 20.

stillness of the night is sufficiently startling. What

Butters, an ever "present help in time of trouble" for all such hapless individuals. They should not delay a moment in seeking its aid. Experience has shown its wide utility. and vigor by a course of this fine inthatance and vigor by a course of this block which is eminently serviceable, also, to the aged

POLICY OF THE PARNELLITES. TO DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO SECURE A DISSOLUTION.

Dublin, April 4.-The convention of the Parnellite section of the Irish National party, which was held Rotunda yesterday, was attended by nearly all of the leading members of that wing of the Irish Parliamentary party, and also by representatives of the other sections of the Irish National party. The still burning, onvention was presided over by John E. Redmond, M. P., who made a stirring speech outlining the policy of the Irish Independent (Parnellite) party. Referring to the changes in the situation

party. Referring to the changes in the situation specifically, Mr. Redmond said:

If Mr. Balfour were in power he would conduct the Government of Ireland by methods quite as constitutional as those followed by Mr. Morley. Therefore any further exercise of patience on the part of the Irish members of Farliament will be a weak and cowardly betrayal of the Interests which their constituents have intrusted to them. Before any National measure is adopted a general election is necessary.

s necessary,
Mr. Redmond said he believed in constitutional agitation when it was conducted by men who were absolutely fearless, but if such agitation were con ducted in a farcical manner, as it had been by th it should be abandoned, and resolute men and stern methods called into requisition as soon as possible. Ireland's only hope, he declared, was an immediate return to the path of resolution and independence of the English parties which had been followed by Mr. Parnell. Mr. Redmond was frequently inter-rupted by enthusiastic cheering.

The Mayor of Cork offered a resolution declaring that all claims to the confidence of Irishmen had been forfeited by the Government, and urging all Irish members of Parliament to do everything in their power to bring about a dissolution of Parlia-

ment as soon as possible. The resolution was unanimously adopted amid cheers. Mr. Redmond made an appeal for funds to mainthe newspapers supporting the Parnellite party, declaring that he would at once retire from Irish politics if these newspapers were allowed to die. A resolution was passed pledging the delegates to endeavor to raise funds in their respective

from the president of the Irish Independents of New-York was read:

The Irish Independent party of New-York send greetings and wish you godspeed in your fight for civil liberty and an Irish Parliament. Draw on our treasurer, John Brennan, at Bank of Ireland, Dub-

in, for \$5,000

EDWARD O'FLAHERTY, President,
H. G. BANNON, Secretary,
The reading of the dispatch aroused prolonged

ENGLAND AND THE MONEY QUESTION LORD ROSEBERY SAYS THE GOVERNMENT IS CONSIDERING IT.

London, April 4.-Lord Rosebery, in reply to an eminent London financier, who called upon the Prime Minister to-day in reference to the currency situation, said: "This important question is now engaging the attention of the Government."

INTERNATIONAL SANITARY CONVENTION. SIGNED YESTERDAY AT PARIS-MEASURES TO KEEP OUT CHOLERA.

Paris, April 4.—The International Sanitary Cor vention was signed to-day, the United States and Great Britain making reservations as to a few ninor details. Three series of precautionary measures were

adopted by the conference, the first referring to the measures to be taken at ports in India from which pilgrims for Mecca embark. All ships carrying pilgrims for Mecca embark. All ships carrying pilgrims will be required to have a competent physician and an adequate supply of wholesome drinking water. The second series provides for the reorganization of the Turkish lazarettos in the Red Sea. The quarantine of pilgrim ships from India formerly varied from two to seven weeks, whether the vessel had a clean bill of health or not. By the terms of the new convention a ship with a clean bill of health will be delayed only long enough for medical inspection, and contaminated or suspected vessels will not be detained in quarantine more than five days. The third series relates to precautionary measures in the matter of the return of pilgrims from Mecca by the lazaretto of Tor in Arabia Petrea, on the east shore of the Gulf of Suez.

The conference has earnestly urged the Turkish Government to reorganize its sanitary administration thoroughly, with a view of preventing the introduction of cholera into Europe by land.

If the decisions and recommendations of the conference are carried out, it is believed that the entrance of cholera into the United States and Europe will be effectually checked. pilgrims will be required to have a competent phy-

The sequel of the Hanover gambling case will begin in the Criminal Court here to-morrow. The principal prisoners are Gustav Wildenow, a financial agent, and two brothers named Masters, who are cigar-dealers. Among the witnesses subpoemed are Army and Navy officers. The lawyer who has charge of the defence says that the cashlering of the fifteen officers at the instance of the Court of Honor will probably cause the trial to be adjourned permanently, as the witnesses summoned will hardly care to tempt a similar fate.

TO TAKE DA GAMA TO PORTUGAL.

Lisbon, April 4.—The steamer Angola, of the Por-tuguese Navy, salled from this port for Buenos Ayres to-day. She is under orders to proceed to the Argentine capital and take on board Admiral da Gama and his officers, and return immediately with the refugees to Portugal, without entering Brazilian waters.

The Portuguese frigate Mindello has been chosen by the defeated Imperialist insurgents in Brazil, because they expected that their brethren of the Portuguese Navy, so favorable to the house of Braganza, which hailed from Portugal, would allow them to land in the Argentine Republic, whence they would have joined the rebels still in arms against the Constitutional Government of Brazil. These refugees were led to take that step chiefly because of assurances given them by Ruy Barbosa, a former Finance Minister at Rio Janeiro, who betrayed the Republican Government, which he pretended to support. Before the breaking out of the rebellion led by Mello, Barbosa was receiving nightly in his house the Portuguese Minister at Rio Janeiro, who met there the disaffected officers and the ambitious leaders anxious to overthrow the Administration of President Peixoto. The latter quietly obtained through diplomatic means the recall of the Minister of Portugal, and that country gives one more proof of its neutrality by sending a vessel to bring away Da Gama and his fellow rebel officers to Lustiania, where they will be "interned"—that is, left at liberty, but forbidden ever to leave the country. These refugees were led to take that step chiefly

NEW-MEXICO IN THE PROCESSION. Albuquerque, N. M., April 4.-The entire Republican ticket was elected here yesterday.

FRAGMENTS OF FOREIGN NEWS.

London, April 4.—The election in the Wisbech division of Cambridgeshire yesterday resulted in the return of Arthur Brand, Liberal, who received 4.33 votes to 4.27 cast for Mr. Stopford-Sackville, Conservative, Mr. Brand was seeking re-election on his appointment as Treasurer of the Household.

his appointment as Treasurer of the Household.

Paris, April 4.—The Government has received information that a French reconnoltering party in the southern part of the Soudan was recently attacked by a band of natives of the village of Nsapa, and Lieutenant Lecerf and three native soldiers were killed and six others of the French party were wounded. The chief or the village recalled his men when he made the discovery that it was a French party he was attacking and humbly apole-gized for his act.

London, April 4.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Ughtred Kay-Shuttleworth, Secretary to the Admiralty, announced that the Government would grant the motion put by Sir John Leng yes-terday calling upon the Admiralty for information as to the comparative time occupied by the differ-ent lines of steamers in carrying the American mails.

Abbazia, April 4.—Emperor William will arrive at Pola on board the yacht Christabel on Friday, and proceed at once to Venice, where he will meet King Humbert of Italy.

Nice, April 4.—The steam yacht race for the James Gordon Bennett prize of 5,000 francs, the first round of which was sailed over a fifty-two mile course on March 29, was finished to-day, and was won, as on the previous occasion, by the Grand Duke of Leuchtenberg's Roxana.

Bremen, April 4.—It is announced that on April 24 the North German Lloyd Steamship Company will deciare a dividend of 3 per cent. For the year 1832 the dividend was 1½ per cent.

Rome, April 4.—The Vatican has informed the Italian Government that the Holy See withdraws the bill in regard to the priority of civil marriages. London, April 4.—The affairs of the English Bank of the River Plate, which suspended on March 22, were wound up in the Bankruptcy Court to-day in compulsory proceedings.

Warsaw, April 4.—Cholera of a virulent type is raging in Czenstochow, Poland, a place of about 15,09 inhabitants on the Prussian frontier. The town has been quarantined.

Paris, April 4.—Professor Brown-Sequard was buried to-day in Montparnasse Cemetery. The funeral was almost entirely devoid of ceremony. M. Loewy, president, and M. Bertrand, secretary, of

600,000 francs, this to be subscribed proportionately and the share of the existing committee to be deducted from the assets distributable among them.

Constantinople, April 4—Seven cases of choicra Constantinople, April 4.—Seven cases of cholera and five deaths were reported here to-day.

A GREAT FIRE IN SHANGHAL A THOUSAND BUILDINGS HAVE ALREADY BEEN

DESTROYED. Shanghai, April 4.-A great conflagration is raging here. Already a thousand buildings, large and small, have been destroyed, and the fire is

RUMOR ABOUT SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE. London, April 4.—"Truth" says that Sir Julian Pauncefote, British Ambassador to the United States, will probably succeed Sir Edward Malet as Ambassador to Germany at the end of this year.

TO SAIL THE VALKYRIE HOME.

Liverpool, April 4.-Captain Cranfield and a crew of twenty men sailed for New-York on the steamer Majestic to-day to bring to England Lord Dunraven's yacht Valkyrie. The Valkyrie will be supplied with a racing outfit here and will take part in the fall regattas on the Clyde.

KILLED BY JUMPING FROM A BURNING

HOUSE. Frankfort, April 4.-A fatal fire occurred at an early hour this morning in a building which was formerly known as the Britannia Hotel. A number

formerly known as the Britannia Hotel. A number of lodgers in the building were thrown into a panic and many of them jumped from the windows. Three of those who jumped were instantly killed and at least ten were seriously injured. Only the upper part of the building was burned.

Four persons who jumped from the windows of the Britannia Hotel died this evening, making seven the total number of deaths. The fire brigade was exceptionally inefficient. Had the firemen responded with the usual promptness to the alarm probably no lives would have been lost.

OFF FOR BLUEFIELDS.

THE SAN FRANCISCO SAILS FROM ST. LUCIA-ADMIRAL BENHAM TO COME HOME.

Washington, April 4.-Captain Watson, of the San Francisco, informed the Navy Department last night that he had finished coaling and would leave St. Lucia at once for Curacoa, where Admiral Benham would leave the ship to take the steamer for New-York. The San Francisco will not stop morthan a few hours at Curacoa, which is directly on her way to Bluefields. It is not expected that further news will be received from Captain Watson intil he makes his investigation into the Mosquito situation, and communicates with the Department

by way of Colon.

The Bennington arrived at Valparaiso yesterday. sixteen days out from Montevideo. She is to join the Behring Sea patrol fleet as soon after May 1 as possible, unless it is found destrable to have her stop at Callao pending the settlement of dis-turbances in Peru. The Ranger has reached San Diego from Central America. She will continue to San Francisco and make ready to join the seat end from San Francisco.

In the disturbance at Bluefields this Government promises to have a problem fully as serious as the Hawaiian question, and in many respects similar Although the State Department has not yet received official confirmation that the exequatur of Consul Braida has been withdrawn by Nicaragua, no doubt is expressed as to the accuracy of the report, and, in fact, no surprise would be caused by any action that the Nicaraguan Government might take to annoy the United States. That is the feeling among State Department officials, of one of the highest said to-day;

whom one of the highest said to-day?

"The Department has been unable to secure any satisfaction at all from Nicaragua. What we do not understand is the threatening attitude of that country, and until we hear from the San Francisco's captain we shall probably be able to take no active teps to insure the permanent safety of American

captain we shall probably be able to take no active steps to insure the permanent safety of American formerly varied from two to seven weeks, whether the vessel had a clean bill of health or not. By the terms of the new convention a ship with a clean bill of health will be delayed only long enough for medical inspection, and contaminated or suspected vessels will not be detained in quarantine more than five days. The third series relates to precautionary measures in the matter of the return of pilerims from Mecca by the lazaretto of Tor in Arabia Petrea, on the east shore of the Gulf of Suez.

The conference has earnestly urged the Turkish Government to reorganize its sanitary administration thoroughly, with a view of preventing the introduction of cholera into Europe by land.

If the decisions and recommendations of the entrance of cholera into Europe by land.

GERMAN OFFICERS CASHIERED.

Berlin, April 4—The Court of Honor, before which the Army officers implicated in the Hanover gambiling scandal have been tried, has sentenced fiften of the offenders to periods of enforced retirement from military iffe. The scandal involved more than a hundred military officers of all ranks, from a major-general to a lieutenant.

The sequel of the Hanover gambiling case will be principal prisoners are Gustav Wildenow, a finanting all prisoners are Gustav wildenow, a finanting of the angle of the Hanover gambiling case will be principal prisoners are Gustav wildenow, a finanting of the country will be composed to any decision we may reach."

MUSIC ROXES FOR THE CHINESE EMPEROR. The music box hath charms to soothe the Chinese breast, much to the delight of Paillard & Co., No. 680 Broadway, who have just shipped two beautiful specimens of their work to the Emperor of

AFTER SOME OF JOHN ANDERSON'S MONEY. Supreme Court, for the service of the summons by publication upon John Charles Anderson, in a suit Carr to recover a share of John Anderson's millions. John Charles Anderson lives in New-Haven. Walter S. Carr was the husband of Mary L. Carr.

who was a daughter of John Anderson. She died in January, 1882, several months after her father's death. His estate was valued at nearly \$10,000,000. His son, John Charles Anderson, secured most of the estate, which has been in litigation ever since, and it is said that he purchased the interest of the other heirs at a cost of about \$1,00,000. Mr. Carr seeks to set asids a judgment which he was induced to consent to in Westchester County in January, 1883, under an alleged misrepresentation of facts, and to recover a life estate in one-fifth the real estate left by Mr. Anderson, to which his wife was entitled. The judgment which he says he consented to established the will of his father-in-law. who was a daughter of John Anderson. She died in

Absolute Purity Guaranteed Responsible physicians have lately said that the purest

Liebig COMPANY'S

Extract of Beef

OHIO MEN TO EQUIP ONE ON THE NEW SITE OF THE CITY UNIVERSITY.

MORE THAN HALF OF THE MONEY ALREADY

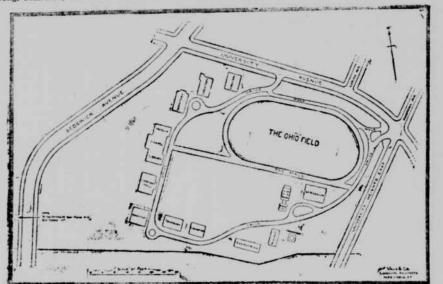
SUBSCRIBED—DECORATIONS OF

THE GROUNDS.

The council of the New-York University at its last meeting decided to use a part of the new site of the university, at University Heights, as an athlette field. The field is to be known as the "Ohio Field," in consideration of the gifts of several prominent New-York citizens who were formerly residents of Ohio. About a year ago the Ohio Society of New-York appointed a committee to confer with Chancellor MacCracken, of the university, respecting the equipment by Ohio men of this field. The committee consists of Colonel William L. Strong, chairman, and the following: General Wager

the \$50,000, however, has already been given or pledged by Ohio men to the uptown movement of

the university. Among the generous givers are Colonel William L. Strong, Charles T. Barney, A. D. Juillard, S. Loeb, John D. Archbold, Edward C. Bodman, Dr. N. Hoagland and J. Q. A. Ward, Mr. Ward makes a unique subscription by contributing de-signs for terminal statues to be placed at the



NEW GROUNDS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

Swayne, John W. Ellis, General Samuel Thomas, A. D. Juilliard, William H. Caldwell, Professor S. S. Packard, Whitelaw Reld, J. D. Archbold, C. N. Hougland, Calvin S. Brice, Thomas A. Edison, John W. Harmon and J. Q. A. Ward.

This committee approved the solicitation from Ohio men in New-York of £0,000 for the establishment of the Ohio Field. The university agreed, in case this sum was received, to establish such a field as a perpetual athletic foundation. It was also agreed that for each gift of £0,000 to the fund there would be established, for a limited term of years, a scholarship in the University Graduate Seminary for the use of graduates of such college in Ohio as the giver might designate. The subscribtion of £0,000 has not been completed, but in view of the unexpectedly early removal of the University College to its new site and the consequent need of an athletic field, the university has decided to name the field at once, trusting to the future to make up the full subscription. The larger half of

THE VARIOUS OPPOSING ORGANIZATIONS GETTING TOGETHER.

INTERESTING FIGURES OF THE WIGWAM'S IN-

COME FURNISHED BY GEORGE F. LANG-BEIN-THE CARMENCITA BALL

Democratic organizations against Tammany in the approaching election is represented by prominent men who have been engaged in their formation men who have been engaged in their formation as improving, in spite of the wily efforts of the Wigwam to prevent it. The New-York State Democracy, led by ex-Mayor Grace; the German-American Reform Union, of which Oswald Ottendorfer is president; the Independent County Organization, formed by the Stecklers, Justice William G. McCrea, Ernest Harvier and other independent Democrats; the Anti-Tammany Democracy of ex-Sheriff O'Brien and ex-Senator Bixby, and the McNulty and Colone said in the upper part of Man-in line for effective work in the upper part of Man-hattan Island, are said to have upon their rolls at Tuesday evening at the clubhouse of the Steckler Association, in Second-ave., and it is understood that plans for united action in the coming campaign

chairman of the Executive Commit ionaire boss, as chairman of the Tammany Hall Finance Committee, which were thought to throw some light upon the question, "Where does Mr. Croker's wealth come from?" Mr. Langbein said tion expenses that year. Of this, he said, Governor Flower's friends were credited with paying in \$70,000; the 10,000 liquor-dealers of this city were compelled to "chip in" at the average rate of \$100, An order has been signed by Judge Beach, of the of \$331,500, while the Tammany office-holders, whose salaries aggregate \$13,000,000 annually, were required to put up 5 per cent of their pay, or \$650,000 more. Then there was the yearly campaign assessments upon the corporations, the "dives," the poolrooms, the gambling-houses, the policy-shops and the places of criminal resort carried on in violation of law, and the speaker was sure that from those sources the remaining \$1,669,000, to make up the

John Charles Anderson lives in New-Haven.
Waiter S. Carr was the husband of Mary L. Carr, who was a daughter of John Anderson. She died in January, 182, several months after her father's death. His estate was valued at secured most of this source, which has been in littigation ever since, and it is said that he purchased the interest of the other heirs at a cost grown of the was induced seek store. It is said that the purchased the interest of the other heirs at a cost grown of the was induced by the said that the purchased the interest of the other heirs at a cost which he says he consented to either by Mr. Anderson.

CHARGES OF CONSUBACT DISMISSED.

The case of Alexander M. Grean, of No. 63 Lettington-ave, who charged conspiracy against Mesers. Tew, Woodward, Ade and Wright, representing the firm of Estiner & Co., woman's tations at No. 28 Madison-ave, came up before Justice Voorhis in the Yorkville Police Court yesterday morning.

Grean, when put on the stand, said that he was induced by Woodward, who represented himself as a wealthy Southerner with 50,000 to love, to the firm of Estiner & Co., woman's tations at No. 28 Madison-ave, came up before Justice Voorhis in the Yorkville Police Court yesterday morning.

Grean, when put on the stand, said that he was induced by Woodward, who represented himself as a wealthy Southerner with 50,000 to love, the Grean, who was a former Wright. Grean says these two, whereupon Tew and Ade, whose real name is said to be Eddy, entered the room and locked the door. Woodward their threatened to send him to unless Grean promise to stop the proceedings in a suit he had brought against Exiner & Co.

Mr. Tew denied the Grean, who was a former than the support of the company, that if he continued to sind the continued to

THE THREE COUNTIES REPUBLICAN. GREAT GAINS FOR THE PARTY ON LONG ISLAND-DEMOCRATS TIRED OF THE GOVERN-MENT AT WASHINGTON.

As a result of Tuesday's elections all of the three counties on Long Island are now under Republican control. The Republicans not only increased their majorities in the boards of Supervisors of Kings and Suffolk, but captured that of Queens. The latter victory was entirely unexpected by the Democrats. They had confidently counted on holding their own. It is many years since such a state of affairs has existed on the island. Last year the Democrats had four of the ten members of the

UNITING AGAINST TAMMANY. | Suffolk County board. This year they will have Miller, the representative of East Hampton, Last year the Republicans had only three members of

Miller, the representative of East Hampton, Last year the Republicans had only three members of the Queens County board. For the coming two years they will have five out of the seven. One of the Democrats is a Gleason man. He was elected last fail. On Tuesday the only towns carried by the Democrats in the two counties of Suffolk and Queens were Jamaica in the latter and East Hampton in the former.

The vote polled in most of the towns was larger than usual. In Jamaica the Republicans elected their town ticket, but lost the Supervisor. Had they carried this office they would have made a complete sweep of the county. The local leaders say it is no fault of theirs that the revolution was brought shout. They say they did everything possible to save the Supervisors, but that farmers and laboring men said they had had enough of Democratic Government at Washington, and would have revenge on the candidates before them.

The result of the election at New Litrecht was: Supervisor-John V. Van Pelt, Republican and Citizens' ticket, 48 majority; Justice of the Peace, Otto Bothfeld, Independent Democrat and Citizens' ticket, 45 and 42 majority respectively; assessor, Watson L. Bennett, Regular Democrat, 2 majority; excise commissionera, Frederick Pfluger, Hegular Democrat, 1 majority, and William Goebel, Regular Democrat, 5 majority. The Citizens' candidate for constable, Peter Maurer, defeated John F. Hughes, Regular Democrat, by a vote of 1,217 to 1,194. There was great rejoicing in the Republican-Citi-

There was great rejoicing in the Republican-Citizens' camp yesterday in three of the four towns of kings county. In New-Utrecht, Gravesend and Flatlands the anti-ring candidates were beaten. In the fourth town, Flatbush, it is declared the Republican candidate was defeated by the members of his own party working against him. The Independent Democratic for the Republican, but one strong Republican district went Democratic and undid the work done in the other districts. The Citizens will be able to control the Town Board of Gravesend, as they have three of the five members. In Flatlands they think they can control matters, as one of the hold-over justices is not strong in his support of the old government. In New-Utrecht they hope to do the same through the same Utrecht they hope to do the same through the same Treefit they hope to do the same through the same FORMING A NEW GOOD GOVERNMENT CLUB.

A meeting to effect the permanent organization of Good Government Club F will be held this even-ing at the home of Alfred R. Conkling, No. 27 East Tenth-st. Four hundred signatures have been re-corded for membership in the club.

DISCUSSING CIVIL SERVICE EVILS.

The evils of the present Civil Service system were dwelt upon last evening at a meeting of Good Gov-ernment Club E, at No. 338 East Twenty-third-st. J. Augustus Johnson, who presided, spoke of the in-effectiveness of the Civil Service system at Washngton. Dr. Kepko told of his experience at a farcical examination for a place in the Marine Hospital Service. He said that the questions were almost as ridiculous as they were illogical, and he expressed the opinion that few surgeons passed on their merits. He also spoke of the partisanship displayed in the appointment of Health Department inspectors, and said that the New-York Health Departtors, and said that the New-York Health Depart-ment was inefficient and subservient to Tammany Hail. J. N. Wing said that frequently the person who qualified in a civil service examination was not the person who passed the preliminary examination; it was a common occurrence, the speaker continued, for men to pay substitutes to pass the examination. A general discussion then ensued on Tammany mis-rule, and the needs for organization and educational work in the city. Another speaker said that he saw iffteen tramps brought into a polling-place by Tam-many heelers, who had them vote on the names of citizens.

GOOD WORK OF THE CITY CLUB.

There was a meeting of the City Club last even-The secretary, James W. Pryor, read a long report, reviewing the work of the club since a committee of the trustees made a similar report in Dereport were in the direction of maintaining the in-terest of affiliated clubs and in favor of the adoption of a constitution for a National Municipal General Committee of the league should be held in New-York under the auspices of the City Club. The report also recommended that a committee of

G. Halstend Boyland. A. M., M. D., Of the Faculty of Paris and University of Leipzig, formerly Professor in the Baltimore Medical College, says: "In Bright's Disease of the Kidneys,

is, in my experience, without a rival, whether in the Parenchymatous form or Interstitial Nephritis. In cases in which the Albumen reached as high as 80 per cent.. I have known it under a course of this Water gradually diminish and finally disappear. At the same time other alarming symptoms were relieved, and the sufferers restored to health.

"The best results which I have witnessed from any remedy in Suppressed Gout, Rheumatic Gout and all Gouty and Rheumatic affections have been from this Water, and in every case of disease having its origin in a Uric Acid Diathesis it is a remedy of unsurpassed excellence."

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in Chronic Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism, Gravel and Stone in the Bladder, and I do not hesitate to express the opinion that in all diseases depanding upon or having their origin in Uric Acid Diathesis, it is unsurpassed, if indeed it is equalled by any water thus far known to the profession.

"It has an ascertained value in Bright "It has an ascertained value in Figure 19 Disease. A knowledge of its action in the disease thus far would seem to warrant the belief that it would in many instance, at least in its early stages, arrest it can briefly, and in its more advanced stage prove a decided comfort and palliative."

Professor Montreal Clinic, SM., SN., V. U. "I have used

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

Abram S. Hewitt, Frank J. Gordon, Frederic J. De Peyster, J. B. Bishop, Edmond Kelly, Alfred B. Mason, Ghrardi Davis, Horace White, James W. Pryor, R. Fultor, Cutting, Horace E. Deming, J. Harsen Rhoades and H. Le Grand Cannon. The meeting was adjourned until the second Tuesday in May, when the vacancies in the Board of Trustees will be filled.

THE MILLIONAIRE BOSS COMING HOME A telegram from San Francisco yesterday said

GENERAL KERWIN ELECTED CHAIRMAN. STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE ALSO NAMED.

T. W. Robertson, John Steibling, S. N.

You Can GeFit.

Cottolene—the new shortening—the only pure and healthful and perly digestible frying and shortening material in the market—is now to
had at all first-class grocers throughout the United States and Canada.

like all other good things, has found several imitators, if very inferior quality, and sure to cause dissatisfaction. be sure of getting the genuine Cottolene, the best way to it is in the tin pails bearing the name and Trade Mark.

The N. K. Fairbank Company,

CHICAGO,
PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

Dr. William B. Towles,

BUFFALO

Dr. William B. Towles,

Protessor of Anatomy and Materia
Medica in the Medical Department of
the University of Virginia:
"Buffalo Lithia Spring belongs to the
Alkaline, or perhaps to the Alkaline-Saline Class, for it has proved far more efficacious in many diseased conditions than
any of the simple Alkaline waters.
"I feel no hesitancy whatever in saying
that in Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism. Stone in the Bladder, and in all Diseases of Urle Acid Diathesis, I know of no remedy at all comparates to it.

"Its effects are marked in causing a
disappearance of albumen from the urine.
In a single case of Bright's Disease of the
Kidneys. I witnessed decided beneficial
results from its use, and from its action
in this case I should have great confidence
in it as a remedy in certain stages of this
disease.

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

Dr. Harvey L. Byrd.

"I have witnessed the best results from the action of the

Dr. J. T. LeBlanchard.

in the most obstinate cases of Chronic Inflammation of the Biadder. In Stone of the Biadder, in Uric Acid Gravel, with the most efficacious results.

This water is for sale by Druggista generally or in cases of one dozen half-gallon bottles \$5.00 f o b at the Springs. Spring-open June 15. Descriptive pamphlets sent to any address.

THOMAS F. GOODE, Proprietor Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va.

that Richard Croker, the millionaire boss of Tam-many Hall, left that city for New-York on Monday. At Tammany Hall yesterday it was said that Mr. Croker was expected home the last of this week. No preparations for welcoming him had been made as the train on which he was coming was not def-initely known.

The standing committees for 1894 were announced as follows: Finance-General Kerwin, Robert Gordon, Henry Clay Piercy, James Owens, James B. Townsend, F. J. Martin, Dr. L. L. Seaman, Frederick G. Gedney, Dr. F. A. Utter, J. N. Drake, A. W. Klein, David F. Porter, Legislation—Chester H. Southworth, J. H. Henry,

David F. Porter.

Legislation—Chester H. Southworth, J. H. Henry,
T. W. Robertson, John Steibling, S. N. Simonson,
Organization—William H. Huber, Dr. Hamilton,
Williams, Joseph Flock, C. D. Sullivan, J. John,
son, T. St. John Gaffney, William Armstrong, Dr.
H. W. C. Burke, Peter H. McDonald, James B.
Keisheimer, E. Zimmerman,
Naturalization—Frederick G. Gedney, T. F. Harrington, John Steibling, William A. Cummings, P.
Schuitz, William F. Daily
Public Speakers—Frank J. Martin, S. J. Bishop,
S. J. T. Sandford, William Hawley, Garrett May,
H. S. Brownell, H. L. Schraeder,
Public Meetings—George Murray, Leon Cohen,
James V. Lozue, Dr. A. S. Hougnton, I. Edelman,
Resolutions—S. N. Simonson, J. B. Townsend,
Otto Irving Wise, Donnald McLean, C. H. Traitteur,
Thomas Luck, E. S. Murphy
Appeals—Dr. H. Williams, Henry Grasse, Louis
Brenner, W. W. Graham, T. St. J. Gaffney, Samuel Koenig, Charles Flint.
Printing—Charles P. Bible, James Oakley, Moses
G. Byers, P. H. McDonald, J. A. Stetler,
First Voters—J. G. McMurray, H. B. Page, William A. Mapes, ir, Heman B. Wilson, James C.
McGarvey, W. S. Lawton, George Flelker, Thomas
Farrell.
The establishment of a permanent headquarters
was decided upon, and the matter was referred to
the Committee on Organization, with power to lease
a suitable building in a central situation.
The claims of the Committee of Thirty as to the
numbers enrolled on the evenings of March 29 and
April 2 were discussed, and before adjournment it
was decided to appoint a committee to "meet the
bluff" of Colonel George Hilss, who recently challenged the Republican Organization to an exhibition
of enrollment lists for the purpose of settling the
question of which organization has the largest number of enrolled Republicans of Thirty
shortly to arrange for a comparison of enrollment
lists by district.
Thomas L. Hamilton sent a leter to The Tribune
sembly District was 178, was an error. The correct
number enrolled, Mr. Hamilton says, is 6. As
was pointed out in The Tribune yesterday, an enrolment of 179

The report also recommended that a committee of fifteen should be appointed to consider the expediency of forming a State association, because such an organization can acomplish practical work in the direction of legislation. The recommendations of the report were adopted.

The question of admitting women to the club was discussed without result.

The club also instructed a committee of fifteen to make the necessary preparations for a National Municipal League. The names proposed for the committee were James C. Carter, Seth Low.

In using Cottolene for shortening it is of the greatest importance to use only about half or two-thirds as much as would be used of lard. This is essential to success in the cooking as well as an important feature for one's pocketbook.

Sothing Like it.

Cottolene, like all other good things, has found several imitators,